



ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.

Gov. KEMPER was serenaded at Harrisonburg last Tuesday, and in the course of his response to the compliment touched upon the State debt question, and said that last year we paid something more than \$1,600,000 interest—more than five per cent upon our indebtedness—and that with the growing prosperity of the Commonwealth our material wealth was increasing so that no increase of taxation would be necessary, and that the levy now imposed would soon pay six per cent or full interest. The Governor also spoke of reconciliation, and addressing his remarks to Col. Quail, a Democratic candidate for Senator in Pennsylvania, and an ex-federal officer, who was present, asked him to carry back the statements to his people in Pennsylvania. He proclaimed that Virginia was no province, no Poland, no Ireland; but a free and independent State of an indissoluble union of States; that the war was over and it was time that the past be buried, and that the former fraternal feeling be re-established; that Virginia bears no hostile feeling toward those lately in arms against her and was willing to meet the North half way in burying animosities and extending the hand of kindly greetings.

The case of Theodor W. Brown, charged with robbing the United States Treasury, (in connection with B. B. Halleck and W. H. Ottman,) of \$47,097.65, came up on preliminary hearing before Judge Mills, in Washington, yesterday, when H. W. Whitney, a clerk in the Treasurer's office, testified as to the domination of the bills, &c., in the abstracted package. After testifying as to the location of the room and its furniture, with a view of showing what facilities Halleck had to abstract the package, the witness stated that as soon as the packages were ready for the express it was the custom for two or three clerks to go down on the elevator with them and accompany them to the express office, where a receipt was taken for them. On the day the package was missing two hundred and twenty-four packages were shipped. They took the ordinary route, and the clerks accompanied them as usual, but about fifteen minutes to three o'clock witness was told that one package was missing. All the packages were then withdrawn, opened and recounted, and search made for the missing package, but it was not found. Judge Mills adjourned the further hearing until this afternoon.

An attempt was yesterday made at Montreal to carry out the order of the Privy Council, giving the remains of Mr. Guibord the rites of Christian burial in the Catholic cemetery at that place, but upon the arrival of the procession at the cemetery it was met by a mob, who attacked the hearse and finally compelled the withdrawal of the procession without having accomplished the purpose for which they came. M. Drouin, advocate for the Institut Canadien, made a demand upon the authorities for military aid, but owing to the lack of previous arrangements to that effect, it was not accorded. It is not known whether another attempt will be made to bury the body to-day. Guibord was a member of the Institut Canadien, a literary society, over the books of which the Catholic authorities of Montreal claimed to exercise a censorship, and this having been denied by the Institute, has given rise to the present litigation, which has continued for five years, the case having been decided against the Catholic authorities by the Canadian courts and the Privy Council of England.

At a meeting of the creditors of the Calvert Sugar Refining Company, in Baltimore, yesterday, the report of the committee appointed by the stockholders advising a suspension of business was agreed to. The report shows that the credit of the company had been grossly abused and improperly used by its agents, Stirling, Ahrens & Co. The total assets of the company are given at \$3,057,429, of which \$1,033,488 represents the indebtedness of Stirling, Ahrens & Co. The liabilities are stated at \$2,681,000. The assignees of the company are Messrs. B. F. Newcomer and C. Norton Stewart.

Incomplete returns from the election held in California on Wednesday indicate the election of Irwin, Democrat, for Governor, and the entire Democratic State ticket by a large plurality. Three Democratic Congressmen are elected, with even chances for the fourth. No returns have been received on the legislative ticket, but it is thought the Democrats will have a plurality in both houses, if not a majority. In San Francisco the contest for Mayor is close between Clayton, Republican, and Bryant, Democrat, and it may require the official returns to decide the election.

Mr. George L. Simpson, Cashier of the Petersburg Savings and Insurance Company, is a defaulter to about \$11,000. When a demand was made by the President of the bank for the cash book Simpson confessed that he was short, and that his peculations covered a series of years. Simpson was under bonds of \$10,000, having ten bondsmen who were bound individually in the sum of \$1,000. Simpson has been arrested.

Foreign ministers accredited at Constantinople will henceforth be presented not only to the Sultan but also to his eldest son and presumptive heir, the ceremonial observed on both occasions being exactly the same. This is the most decisive step yet taken toward changing the order of succession to the throne of Turkey, according to which the nephew of the present Sultan is entitled to succeed him.

Littell's Living Age, for this week, has been received.

Col. Joseph Mayo, jr., charged on a bench warrant with unlawfully and feloniously embezzling and fraudulently converting to his own use \$5,000, the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia, while Treasurer of the State, was again brought before a Police Justice in Richmond, on Wednesday, when, on motion of the Commonwealth's Attorney, the case was continued until yesterday morning, and the accused bailed in the sum of \$20,000.

Governor Kemper being at Harrisonburg on Tuesday night, was serenaded, and in response to calls, made a short but happy speech. The Rockingham Register says: "The Governor has probably as many warm and devoted friends in this part of the Valley as he has in any other portion of the State, and hence they are always gratified at an opportunity to pay him their respects."

Rev. John C. Granbery, D. D., pastor of the Broad-street Methodist Episcopal Church, in Richmond, having been elected Professor of the Theological Institute in Vanderbilt University, will remove his residence to Nashville, Tenn., about the middle of the present month. Rev. J. A. Steel has been called to succeed Dr. G.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee and a party of representative men from Fredericksburg, Va., and the counties adjacent thereto, reached New York yesterday to confer with Northern citizens in reference to the advantages offered in the neighborhood of Fredericksburg for industrial and manufacturing enterprises.

It is believed that the San Francisco Stock Board will reopen next week. In addition to the disturbances by the United States Treasury the United States branch mint in that city will be ready to issue about \$3,000,000 in coin in a few days. The financial prospect is brightening and the feeling is buoyant.

Mr. Thomas Taylor, head of the microscopic bureau of the Agricultural Department at Washington, has discovered animal starch in the human blood. The discovery is considered an important one by medical gentlemen, as revealing the cause of fermentation of the blood.

Isaac Faucher, of Sandy Hill, predicts that the world will be destroyed July 4, 1876, which will spoil the Centennial. He bases his view on Isaiah lxxv. chapter, 17th verse: "For the child shall die a hundred years old." The "child" he considers to be Uncle Sam.

The deliveries of tea from the bonded warehouse in London during the week ending August 10 amounted to 3,372,000 pounds, of which 1,901,903 pounds was for home consumption.

The fall meeting of the Maryland State Agricultural Society was held yesterday. Gov. Walker, of Virginia, will deliver the annual oration.

A Richmond correspondent says the chief result of the recent colored Convention held in that city seem likely to be a large crop of personal quarrels between the principal actors.

The situation in Herzegovina appears to be favorable to the Turks.

VIRGINIA LIBERALITY AND SOCIABILITY.—A letter from Mr. O. M. Duncan, of Farmington Church, Richmond county, Va., a northern man by birth and education, and who came to Virginia some six years ago to cast his lot with us, published in the State Journal, will do much to put to rest the assertion in certain quarters that the people of Virginia are wanting in liberality with the people of the North who come here to live. Last Spring Mr. Duncan had the misfortune to lose by fire his barn and its entire contents. The neighbors feeling a sympathy for him, set to work and raised by subscription a considerable amount of money and lumber, to enable him to re-build. In two months after the fire occurred, by this liberal spirit shown by his neighbors, he had finished a barn that exceeded the one burned, both for style and convenience. After returning his thanks to his neighbors for their generosity, and remembering certain slanders published in reference to the people of that community some time since, he says:

"As some evil designing persons have misrepresented the people of South, and therefore many in other sections have wrong ideas and feelings concerning them, I will give our experience here in the Northern Neck of Virginia. We moved from Scholastic county, New York, in 1869, for the purpose of living in a milder climate, with less winter to endure. Did not expect to find all that social friendship we were leaving, but were happily disappointed, finding here a very good state of society, where all the people are kind-hearted and very friendly, having taken more pains in cultivating their minds and hearts than their lands. And we have here an excellent country, and naturally good soil producing a great variety of fruits and vegetables, growing and ripening time to perfection. All the staple crops of New York do well here, such as wheat, rye, oats, corn and clover, and the expense of keeping farm stock is so much less here, that the difference is highly gratifying. We are more and better suited with our change of location each successive year. And there are others from different parts of the Union, and from the Old Country that are all suited with their surroundings here; and we think the present is a favorable time for any that desire a home in a mild and healthy climate to come and purchase, as good homes can be had for low prices and on reasonable time."

LOUDBON COUNTY ITEMS.—The fifteenth annual exhibition of the Loudoun County Agricultural Society will be held at the Fair Grounds, near Leesburg, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 19th, 20th and 21st of October, 1875. The season has been an unusually fruitful one, the country is pretty well supplied with almost every grade of fine stock, and there is no reason why the exhibition should not eclipse any of its predecessors.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Potomac Bridge Company was held on Tuesday last. The Board of Directors were authorized to contract with suitable parties for the early erection of the bridge at the Point of Rocks. The proposed structure is to be of iron, double track.

During the past fortnight, we have heard of several sheep folds in this vicinity that have been invaded by canine raiders. Several of the "innocents" have fallen victims to the savage brutality of the curs—the number of which, in this county, ought to be curtailed.

Mr. Matthew is requested to run for the House of Delegates by "Morn Gilead."—*Loudon Mirror.*

COOL.—Under date of August 30, Jos. Sany, the defaulting treasurer of the State of New Jersey, sent the following card to Gov. Bedle: "Owing to the bad condition of my health and other reasons I feel constrained to inform you that I am no longer able to perform the duties of treasurer of the State of New Jersey, and I hereby surrender the said office, as I cannot henceforth perform the said duties."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

The National Board of Steam Navigation, which has been in session in New York, yesterday adjourned, to meet in Baltimore next year, after adopting a resolution petitioning Congress for the appointment of a mixed commission to inquire into and report upon the practicability of improving the navigable rivers of the country.

A meeting of Protectionists was held at Montreal on Wednesday night, at which resolutions were adopted favoring the tariff of duties imposed on goods imported from the United States, should an equal tariff be imposed by the American Government on goods of Canadian manufacture.

The United States Treasury yesterday received from New York a contribution to the confidence fund in the shape of one-half of a five hundred dollar bill, the writer saying that as soon as its receipt was acknowledged he would send on the other half.

Wednesday night the teller of a bank in Louisville, Ky., robbed its vault of \$100,000 and said he had been chloroformed and dragged from his bed by three men, who forced him to give up his keys. Subsequently he confessed and the money was recovered.

A stable belonging to the Poor Farm, at Arlington, Mass., was set on fire Wednesday morning by tramps, and a pauper, who was asleep in an adjoining building, was burned to death.

At a meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of Baltimore, last night, a resolution was passed to invite Moody and Sankey to hold revival meetings there.

John W. McDonald, ex Judge of the Harris County (Texas) Court, was yesterday arrested in Chicago on the charge of embezzlement of the public funds while in office.

A private dispatch received at New York says that a treaty of peace has been signed by the respective commanders of the forces of Colombia and the Coast States.

The charge of assault and battery brought against General Ruggles and his clerks by Gordon, the Black Hills miner, has been dismissed, and the latter compelled to pay the costs.

The summer resort, known as Congress Hall, at Sharon Springs, N. Y., was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, entailing a loss of \$100,000.

There were some successful exhibitions of torpedo practice at Newport yesterday in the presence of the Secretary of the Navy and others.

Mr. Sany, late defaulting treasurer of New Jersey, was yesterday committed to prison for trial. No bail was offered. His delinquency is stated at \$44,110.66.

Advices from Lima state that Admiral Collins, who died there, was buried with great pomp, the Peruvian Government officers and military assisting.

A jam of boats in the canal at Georgetown necessitated the cutting off of the water from the mills, thereby causing great embarrassment to the millers.

At Dayton, Ohio, on Tuesday, Col. Dawson was murdered by James Murphy, one of a gang of roughs whom he refused to admit to a party.

Yesterday being the anniversary of the battle of Sedan, it was observed as a general holiday throughout Germany.

During a fracas, in Baltimore, yesterday, between a number of boys, one of them was killed.

Heavy rains in the Barroch district of India have rendered necessary the replanting of a large portion of the cotton crop.

Yesterday a Washington druggist was fined \$10 for neglecting to label a vial of laudanum as the law requires it should be.

Rev. Dr. Ezra Gillett, a prominent Presbyterian of New York, died in that city yesterday.

The Merchants' National Bank at St. Johnsbury, Vt., with a capital of \$150,000, was yesterday authorized to commence business.

The sub-treasurer at New York yesterday sold one million dollars gold at from 114.05 to 114.06.

WEDDING AT NEWPORT.—A correspondent of the N. Y. Herald, writing from Newport, R. I., furnishes the following description of the wedding at that place on Wednesday last of Mr. C. J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, and Miss Ellen Channing Day, of Boston:

"The wedding of Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, grandson of Mrs. Patterson, wife of Jerome Bonaparte, who afterward became King of Warrington, and Miss Ellen Channing Day, of Boston, which has been the subject of conversation in society for the past month, took place to-day at the residence of Mr. John Paine, of New York, uncle to the bride. The hour for the marriage ceremony was first fixed at eleven, but finally altered to half past, during which time a large number of carriages drove into the grounds and deposited the occupants, who were very elaborately dressed. The hall, parlors and dining-room were beautifully decorated with flowers. The officiating clergyman was Bishop Hendricks, in charge of the Roman Catholic diocese of Rhode Island and a portion of Massachusetts. There was but one bridesmaid and groomsmen. They were Miss Nellie Whitney, of Boston, and Mr. Samuel B. Terry, of New York. There were nearly one hundred guests, but these did not fill the spacious parlors. The bride wore an overskirt of white muslin, with white silk undergarment, tulle veil, decorated with ivy and crosses. The service was short but impressive, the enunciation of all the parties interested being clear and very distinct. The Bishop at the close of the ceremonies gave in his remarks some wholesome advice to the newly married couple. Congratulating them, he said, that the tie which now bound them was of a very holy character. The world, he said, was full of trials and tribulations, and it behooved them as man and wife to struggle with and for each other, bearing and forbearing, showing a disposition to help one another in the responsibilities of this life. He wished to impress upon them the necessity of living, not only for themselves, but for the Great Master, who would help them if they helped themselves.

"The presents were numerous and expensive, some of them coming from the bridegroom's brother, Col. Jerome Bonaparte, who is in Paris, and who a few years ago was married in this city.

"Among those present was Mrs. Bonaparte, the bridegroom's mother, who, during all of the services, was observed to be weeping. After the honeymoon the couple will return to Baltimore, where the royal gentleman is practicing law with marked success."

THE NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CONGRESS. Col. Edward Drummond, President of the Farmers' Council of Virginia and North Carolina, has appointed the following committee from that body to attend the National Agricultural Congress, which will meet in Cincinnati on the 22d of September: Richmond: Col. Wm. P. Burwell. Newmarket: John D. Mason, ex. Petersburg: E. S. Gregory, ex. Buckhannon: Col. E. W. Hargrader. Fauquier: Col. Robert Beverly. Halifax: M. J. R. L. Rachard. Louisa: Geo. Wm. McCulloch.

THE NOMINEES.—In editorially commenting upon the action of the Senatorial Convention, the Loudon Mirror says:

"Loudon, with her great wealth, her heavy tax-paying capacity, and her 2141 Conservative votes, stands out in the cold. In the last Congressional election Alexandria gave Barbour a majority of 25, and Fairfax gave Hutton a majority of 17—Loudon gave Hutton, the regular nominee of the Convention, a majority of 1317. For these reasons we have all along thought Loudon fairly entitled to a Senator—that she didn't get him is probably due to division in her own ranks, and it is therefore her bounden duty to sustain the nominees of the Convention with the same zeal that she would have done had the honor fallen upon one of her own sons.

"The canvass is now partially opened, and it behooves every Conservative voter, who would not only secure the continued supremacy of his State, but put his hand to the plow, and without looking back, or brooding over the mishaps of the past, press forward in the glorious anticipation of a rising victory in November, and a still more important one a year hence, when a grand national triumph will crown the efforts of our organization in behalf of good government of the country over."

THE BEALE FAMILY.—There lived and flourished a few years ago, and in all human probability, still live, notwithstanding their names, old and flourish, at Tallulah Falls, (a much frequented summer resort in the northwest corner of Georgia) a family, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Beale and six children, the names of which children we propose to give; and let none of our readers suppose that we are romancing, as a gentleman in our office, whose word no one acquainted with him doubts, is ready to vouch for the truth of his statement and the accuracy of these names. Mr. Beale represented himself as a near relative of the late John G. Beale, of Fauquier county, Virginia, and is probably a distant connection of the Beales of Washington, D. C. The names of the children are as follows, beginning with the eldest:

Master Kollo Peruvian Beale,
Master Tallulah Falls Beale,
Master Churubusco Potomac Beale,
Miss Magnolia Grandfather Beale,
Master Bonus Melior Ominus Beale, and
Master Sextus Tarquinius Beale.—*Loudon Enterprise.*

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette:
I find in the Gazette's report of the proceedings of the Senatorial Convention the following:

"R. L. Novitt said that he had heard a rumor prevailing in the convention that Mr. Matthews had been a member of the Underwood Convention, and voted for the disfranchising clause in the constitution, and asked if that rumor was correct."

"Mr. J. M. Kilgore said he would state upon his personal responsibility it was untrue."

"Mr. Foster, of Loudon, said that the rumor was true so far as the statement that Mr. Matthews voted for the disfranchising clause."

The inference to be drawn from Mr. Foster's statement is that I voted for the disfranchising clause in the "Underwood Constitution."

This is not true; in fact, and I presume Mr. Foster to be incorrectly reported. It is very well known that I did not vote to expunge from that constitution the disfranchising and test oath clauses, but actively canvassed the county in behalf of the Conservative ticket and policy. R. S. Matthews, Wm. Matthews, Hillsboro', Va., Sept. 3d, 1875.

MARRIED.
On September 1st, at St. Peter's Church, Washington city, by Rev. Father Boyle, WM. G. ROBERTSON, son of Montgomery county, Md., and Miss NELLIE B. DICKENS, daughter of the late Judge Digges, of Charles county, Md.

In Washington, on the 21st of September, by Rev. R. A. Cleveland, E. C. FAWCETT and MAGGIE WALTON, both of Washington.

DIED.
At his residence, "On Chesapeake," Prince William county, Va., on September 2d, at 4:30 p. m. JAMES MORRIS, aged 70, 68th year of his age. He was a native of Winchester, Va., but for many years a resident of Washington.

At his residence, in Spotsylvania county, on Tuesday, the 1st of August, in his 84th year, JOSEPH P. GALT, sr.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Belonging having been made in the payment of some of the notes secured by the deed of trust from J. O. P. Day to the undersigned, dated July 1st, 1873, and recorded in book No. 3, folio 334 of the land records of Alexandria Corporation Court, the undersigned will, by virtue of the power conferred by said deed of trust, sell by public auction, on SATURDAY, September 26th, 1875, at 12 o'clock m., in front of the Market House, on Royal street, in Alexandria city, Va. that LOT OF GROUND, with the FRANK DWEL LIN HOUSE thereon, lying on the north side of Commerce street, between Payne and Adams streets, and now occupied by the said John P. Day. The lot has a front of twenty-five feet on Commerce street, and with that breadth extends back to a twelve foot alley.

For a more particular description of the above property and the title which the undersigned will sell and convey, reference is hereby made to the said deed.

Terms of Sale: One hundred dollars of the purchase money in cash, and the residue upon a credit of one, two and three years, secured by the purchaser's bond, with surety, and a deed of trust on the property. Cost of conveying to be borne by the purchaser.

sep 3-4
D. L. SMOOT, Trustee.

OYSTERS.

We keep constantly on hand the BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

All orders promptly attended to by the old established house of

J. H. McLEAN & CO.,
No. 77 Prince street,
Opp. the Gazette office,
Alexandria, Va.

WE ARE authorized to announce Mr. JAS. P. MACHEN as a candidate for nomination for the House of Delegates at the primary election in Fairfax county, to be held on the 7th instant.

sep 3-4
D. L. SMOOT, Trustee.

PERSONS wishing a pure COD LIVER OIL can get it at W. A. JOHNSON, 41 corner Pitt and Queen streets, who gets it direct from the Fulton market fish dealers, in New York. Price 60c per bottle.

BOARDING-BOARD, WITH OR WITHOUT FURNISHED ROOMS, in a desirable portion of the city, can be obtained at the corner of Washington and Queen streets. The house has just been newly furnished through out; the rooms are pleasant and airy, and the neighborhood unexceptionable.

sep 3-4
Mrs. WILKINS.

AN EFFORT is being made by the residents of West End, to establish a LIBRARY. Contributions in money or books sent to Chas. R. Hoof will be appropriate to that object. They beg that all friends to such a good cause will help them.

sep 2-1w
RUMFORD'S, Wilson's and Patapsco Yeast and Baking Powders for sale by W. A. JOHNSON, 41 cor. Pitt and Queen streets.

Sliced HAM, Chipped Beef and a full assortment of Cut Bacon kept by W. A. JOHNSON, 41 cor. Pitt and Queen streets.

FRESH LOUDON COUNTY BUTTER received weekly, and FRESH EGGS always on hand by W. A. JOHNSON, 41 cor. Pitt and Queen streets.

SPICES—Grain and Ground Cloves, Pepper, Allspice, Mace and Ginger, constantly on hand at DAVY & HARMON'S, Cor. Prince and Royal streets.

PRESERVING SUGARS for sale low by J. C. & E. MILBURN.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Business, outside of the grain trade, is very quiet, and the failures throughout the country and the general unsettled condition of financial affairs is not calculated to inspire much confidence or hope for a speedy relief from the existing depression. In the New York money market, call loans are 2 1/2 per cent, and mercantile paper about 5 1/2 per cent for good acceptances, choice being quoted as low as 4 1/2 per cent. State securities generally are dull, and the only sales of Virginia in Baltimore yesterday were \$100 consols at 60; for old sizes 40 was bid, but none offered. Railroad securities are dull, and we quote:

	Bid.	Ask.
Orange, Alex. & Man., 75.....	75	78
Orange & Alex., 61, 1st.....	87	90
Orange & Alex., 61, 2d.....	77	80
Orange & Alex., 61, 3d.....	71	74
Orange & Alex., 61, 4th.....	68 1/2	71

The Baltimore American says: "The Southern wheat and oat crops have been very good, and as there is an abundant cotton crop soon to come forward, there is every reason to anticipate a prosperous trade with the South this fall."

Alexandria Market, September 3.

FLOUR, Fine.....	4 75	@	5 00
Superfine.....	5 75	@	6 00
Extra.....	6 25	@	6 50
Family, common to fair.....	7 00	@	8 25
Good to prime.....	1 10	@	1 25
Choice.....	1 45	@	1 46
CORN, white.....	0 78	@	0 80
Mixed.....	0 77	@	0 78
Yellow.....	0 79	@	0 80
RYE.....	0 60	@	0 60
OATS.....	0 30	@	0 35
CHICKENS.....	1 50	@	3 00
BUTTER, prime.....	0 20	@	0 25
Common to middling.....	0 15	@	0 20
EGGS.....	0 15	@	0 17
IRISH POTATOES.....	0 00	@	0 40
BACON, Hams, country.....	0 12	@	0 13
Western.....	0 16	@	0 17
Sides.....	0 14 1/2	@	0 15
Shoulders.....	0 11	@	0 11 1/2
LARD.....	0 16	@	0 16 1/2
PLASTER, ground, best.....	0 50	@	0 50
Ground, in bags or bbls.....	0 50	@	0 50
Ground, in bags, red'd.....	3 50	@	0 00
Lump.....	8 25	@	3 75
SALT, G. A. (Liverpool).....	1 15	@	1 25
Turk's Island.....	2 05	@	2 15
WOOL, unwashed.....	0 30	@	0 33
Washed.....	0 42	@	0 45
SUMAC.....	1 00	@	0 00

REMARKS.—The receipts of Flour are still light, and the market is dull and declining; prices at the close of the week are 25c off all around. Wheat has been dull all the week to its close, when we quote the market firmer for good dry samples, with an increased demand, and prices are better; offerings of 2284 bushels red, 120 and 132 for medium, 140 for prime, and 145 and 146 for choice. Corn is dull all the week during the week, the market closing dull; offerings of 157 bushels mixed, with sales at 77 and 78. Oats are in fair demand for good dry lots, but the bulk of the offerings is of inferior quality and sell at low figures; offerings of 340 bushels, with sales at 42, 45 and 48. Rye is in better demand, and prices are improving; sales at 60 and 75 for inferior, and 83 for good sample; offerings of 216 bushels. The total offerings of Grain on "Change for the week on going to day were: Wheat 17,800, Corn 8724, Oats 1581 and Rye 556 bushels. Butter is arriving more freely, and prices are tending downward. Eggs are scarce and wanted. Potatoes are more plentiful, an arrival of two carloads of New York potatoes being reported. Bacon is firm.

ALEXANDRIA CATTLE MARKET, Sept. 2.—The receipts of Beef Cattle this week have been in excess of last, but the quality was generally inferior, and prices have a downward tendency; we note sales at 34c per lb. Veal Calves are in good demand at a slight advance, with sales at 36c per lb. Sheep are unchanged, the supply and demand being about equal, with sales of old Sheep at 43c per lb. and Lambs at 24c per lb. Hogs quiet at 10c 1/2 lb, with but few offerings. Cows and Calves 25c 50.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET, Sept. 2, 1875.—Beef—Receipts 107 head, mainly common and ordinary cattle. The market was extremely dull, and a reduction in prices equal to more than 1c per lb failed to induce buyers to take more than one half of the offerings. Some of the commonest native Steers were sold at 8c per lb, dressed, while good to strictly prime dressed Steers sold from 12 to 14c per lb. Texas and Cherokee Cattle ranged from 7 to 8c.

Calves—Receipts 465 head, part grassers and part milk fed veals. The market was fair at 7c per lb for milk fed veals and 6c 1/2 per lb for grassers.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 482 head. The demand was light, and the market was weaker, with a limited trade at 4 1/2c per lb for Sheep, and 6c 1/2 per lb for Lambs.

Hogs—Receipts 4052 head. A half carload of late 11c 1/2 changed hands, sold at 10c 1/2 per lb. Dressed Hogs were quiet at 10 1/2c per lb, with the bulk of the sales at 10c 1/2.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET, Sept. 2.—Cattle—Receipts 300; extra shipping Steers in good demand at full prices; low grades quiet; sales of 500 head